HHV-3[Varicella-zoster virus] Real-time PCR Kit

(For Qualitative Detection)









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REF 8010

INTENDED USE

HHV-3 (Varicella zoster virus) Real-time PCR Kit is an in vitro nucleic acid amplification kit for the detection and quantification of HHV-3 (VZV) specific DNA.

KIT CONTENTS

Components	Number of vials	Volume Per vials
Probe PCR Master Mix	1	250µl
HHV-3 (VZV) Primer Probe Mix [HHV-3 PP mix]	1	65µl
Internal control Primer Probe Mix [IC PP Mix]	1	65µl
Internal control template [IC template]	1	150µl
HHV-3 Positive control [QS1] [Lyophilized]	1	250ml
Water, PCR grade	1	4ml

STORAGE

- The kit is shipped on gel ice. Upon arrival, all components should be stored in -20°C. They
 are stable until the expiration date stated on the label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided, as this might affect the performance of the assay.
- If the reagents are to be used only intermittently, they should be frozen in aliquots. Storage at 2 to 8°C should not exceed a period of 5 hours.

DILUTION BEFORE USE

Positive control

Caution: High Positive template, Use dedicated pipette and tips box and unique area other than the regular qPCR Mix preparation cabinet or place.

- 1. Centrifuge the vials at 10000rpm for 3min.
- 2. Add 245µl of PCR grade water, close the vial.
- 3. Incubate at room temperature for 10min.
- 4. Gentle vortex for 5 seconds OR invert mix several times.
- 5. Incubate 5min at room temperature.
- 6. Gentle pipette mix up and down for 5 seconds.
- 7. Centrifuge at 1000 2000rpm for 5seconds. [Pulse spin]
- 8. Now, it is ready for use. After use, store at -20C

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

HHV-3 (VZV) Real-time PCR Kit constitutes a ready-to- use system for the detection of Varicella-zoster virus specific DNA using polymerase chain reaction (PCR). It contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification of the conserved region of the HHV-3 (VZV) genome, and for the direct detection of the specific amplicon in FAM channel. In addition, it contains an internal control amplification system to identify possible PCR inhibition and DNA purification efficiency. External positive control is supplied, which can be used as both qualitative and quantitative to determination the amount of viral load.

SPECIFICITY

HHV-3 (VZV) primer and probe have been designed for the specific and exclusive in vitro quantification of HHV-3 (VZV). The primers and probe sequences in this kit have 100% homology with a broad range of clinically relevant reference sequences based on a comprehensive bioinformatics analysis.

ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY

The analytical sensitivity is defined as the concentration of DNA molecules (copies/µl) that can be detected with a positivity rate of 95%. The analytical sensitivity was determined by analysis of dilution series of quantified HHV-3 (VZV) specific DNA from 0.001copies to 10copies/µl in triplicates. Under optimal PCR conditions, the analytical sensitivity is 0.95 copies per micro liter.

DNA PURIFICATION

If you are using a spin column based sample preparation procedure having washing buffers containing ethanol, it is highly recommended to perform an additional centrifugation step for 10 min at approximately 17000 x g (\sim 13000 rpm), using a new collection tube, prior to the elution of the DNA.

INTERNAL CONTROL TEMPLATE

When performing DNA extraction, it is often advantageous to have an exogenous source of nucleic acid template that is spiked into the lysis buffer. This internal control nucleic acid template is then co-purified with the sample DNA and can be detected as a positive control for the extraction process. Successful co- purification and real-time PCR for the control template also indicates that PCR inhibitors are not present at a high concentration.

The primer and probe present at PCR limiting concentrations which allows multiplexing with the target sequence primers. Amplification of the internal control template does not interfere with detection of the pathogen target gene even when present at low copy number. The Internal control is detected through the HEX channel and gives a CT value of 23 +/-6.

Add 5µl of the internal control template to each test sample. Do not add directly to test sample. Add after adding lysis buffer to the test sample [sample/lysis buffer mix]. Complete purification according to the manufacturer's protocols

DETECTION PROTOCOL

- Pipette 90µl of PCR grade water into three 1.5ml micro centrifuge tubes and label as QS2 to QS4.
- 2. Pipette 10µl of Positive control-QS1 into tube QS2.
- 3. Vortex thoroughly and spin down briefly.
- 4. Change pipette tip and pipette 10µl from tube QS2 into tube QS3.
- 5. Vortex thoroughly and spin down briefly.
- 6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 to complete the dilution series.
- 7. Use 10µl per reaction.
- Prepare positive control every time fresh

Standards	Copies per µl
QS-1	1000000
QS-2	100000
QS-3	10000
QS-4	1000

DETECTION PROTOCOL

- Before use, all kit components need to be thawed completely, mixed by gently inverting and centrifuged briefly.
- Make sure that Positive and Negative control is included in every run.
- Make sure that internal control template is added during DNA purification. If not, pipette 2.5µl
 of the internal control template directly into the purified DNA.
- Include 0.5 reaction volume for pipetting error while calculating the volume for total number of reactions.

Components	Volume per reaction	
Probe PCR Master Mix	10µl	
HHV-3 (VZV) PP Mix	2.5µl	
IC PP Mix	2.5µl	
Master Mix Volume	15µl	
thoroughly mix the sample DNA by pipetting up and down		
Purified DNA	10μΙ	
Final reaction volume	25µl	

Negative Control setup [NTC]

Add 10µl of PCR grade water.

Qualitative Positive Control setup

Add 10µl of any one of the Positive controls [From QS1 to QS4]

Quantitative Positive controls setup

10µl of all Positive controls prepared from QS1 to QS4.

PROGRAMMING THERMAL CYCLER		
Sample volume	25µl	
Fluorescence Dyes	FAM & HEX	
Passive reference	None	
Ramping rate	Default	

Thermal Profile

Cycles	Step	Time	Temp
1	Taq enzyme activation / Hold	15min	95°C
	Denaturation	20sec	95°C
45	Annealing/Data collection*	20sec	56°C
	Extension	20sec	72°C

Data collection/Acquisition	on/Acquisition Targets	
FAM	HHV-3(VZV)	
HEX	Internal control	

READING THE GRAPH

Step-1 - Internal control Validation

Select the test samples alone for the internal control analysis. Select HEX dye and view the graph of internal control amplification. A successful amplification Ct value must be within Ct 21 +/- 10.

This range indicates NO PCR inhibition in the reaction. Any sample value goes beyond Ct 31 indicates that either sample has some issues in the purification or inhibiting PCR reaction.

Internal control will not get amplified in the negative and positive controls. Ignore a late noise HEX amplification graph in the NTC and Positive control wells.

Step-2 - FAM - Negative and Positive control validation

Select the NTC and Positive control [Qualitative] or Standards wells [Quantitative], select FAM channel, and view the graph of amplification.

The NTC must be flat with no Ct value. If required adjust the threshold value just above the NTC. The PC or Standards must be amplified as per their copy numbers.

NTC justifies NO contamination in the reagent as well as fine pipetting and its environment. PC justifies the reagents storage conditions and reaction parameters are as prescribed.

Step-3 -FAM - Test Sample status

In FAM channel, select test sample well one by one, analyze the graph/amplification.

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QUALITATIVE INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Test Sample	Negative Control	Positive Control	Internal Control	Interpretation
Positive	Negative	Positive	Positive	HHV-3 (VZV) specific DNA detected
Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive	No HHV-3 (VZV) specific DNA Detected. Sample does not contain detectable amounts of HHV-3(VZV) specific DNA.
Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative	Experiment fail
Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Experiment fail

Calculating copies or IU per ml

Input the machine indicated copy number into the following formula

Result (copies/µI) x Elution Volume (µI) Result (copies/ml) = Sample Volume (ml)

Note:

Elution volume: must be typed in micro liter format, example 30μl, 60μl or 100μl. Sample volume: must be typed in milliliter format, example 0.2ml or 0.5ml

LIMITATIONS

A false negative result may occur if inadequate numbers of organisms are present in the sample due to improper collection, transport or handling. Appropriate specimen collection, transport, storage and processing procedures are required for the optimal performance of this

The presence of PCR inhibitors may cause under quantification, false negative or invalid results.

Potential mutations within the target regions of the pathogen's genome covered by the primers and/or probes used in the kit may result in under quantification and/or failure to detect.

As with any diagnostic test, the HHV-3 (VZV) Real-time PCR results need to be interpreted in consideration of all clinical and laboratory findings.

QUALITY CONTROL

In accordance with in house Quality Management System, each lot of HHV-3 (VZV) Real-time PCR kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Index of symbols Consult instructions for use LOT Batch code Tests per kit For in vitro diagnostic IVD Do not re-use use only Temperature limit - 25 °C to - 15 °C Date of manufacture Biologial Risks Manufacturer Use-by date Marketed by: PI-8010 Rev. A Effective date: 05.08.2020 ATHRNESE-DX English version Athenese-Dx Pvt. Ltd.

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